SEQUENCES

a) Write the first 5 terms of the sequence:

$$n^2 + 2n$$

b) Find the nth term of:

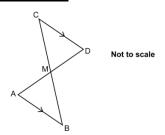
STANDARD FORM

Without a calculator, work out:

$$(4 \times 10^8) \div (8 \times 10^{-3})$$

PROOF/ SHOW THAT/ CONGRUENCE

M is the midpoint of AD. Prove that triangle AMB is congruent to triangle DMC.



COORDINATE GEOMETRY

- a) Find the midpoint of AB, given: A(2, 7) and B(5, 13).
- b) Hence find the equation of the line which is perpendicular to AB and goes through the midpoint.

ESTIMATION AND BOUNDS

a) Estimate:

$$\frac{25.7 \times 234}{0.49}$$

b) A number y, rounded to two significant figures is 260. Write down the error interval for y.

PROBABILITY/ COMBINATIONS

A bag contains 12 green and 8 red sweets. Julie takes a sweet at random, eats it, then takes a second sweet and eats it.

- a) Draw a tree diagram to show her choices.
- b) What is the probability she eats one of each colour.

QUADRATICS/ INEQUALITIES

Sketch the graph of:

$$y = x^2 - 6x + 8$$

Label where it crosses the y-axis, the x-axis and the coordinate of the vertex (turning point).

SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS

Solve:

$$y = x^2 - x - 6$$
$$y = 6 - 2x$$

RATIO AND PROPORTION

A is directly proportional to the square of B. When A = 144, B = 6.

- a) Find an equations for A in terms of B.
- b) Find A when B = 8
- c) Find B when A = 36

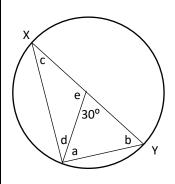
SIMPLIFY/ RE-ARRANGE/ SOLVE

Make x the subject:

$$y = \frac{3x + 4}{x - 3}$$

ANGLES & CIRCLE THEOREMS

Given that the line XY is the diameter of the circle. Find the size of a, b, c, d and e.

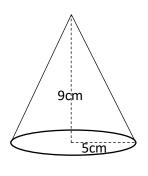


SURDS

- a) Expand $5(2+\sqrt{3})$
- b) Hence, rationalise $\frac{5}{2-\sqrt{3}}$

AREA/ PERIMETER/ VOLUME

Find the volume of the cone.



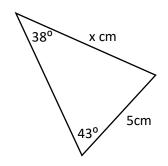
FRACTIONS/ DECIMALS/ RECURRING DECIMALS

Work out:

$$5\frac{2}{3} + 2\frac{3}{7}$$

TRIGONOMETRY/ GRAPHS

Find x.

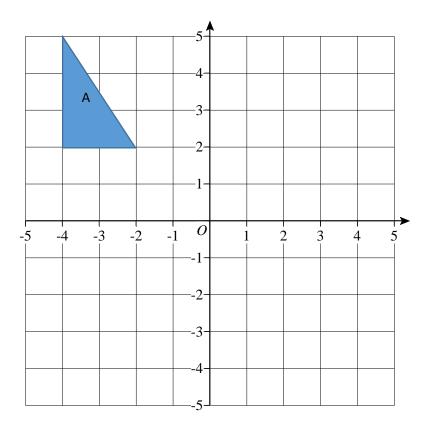


PERCENTAGES

The price of an insurance policy has increase by 14% to £91.20, what was the original price?

TRANSFORMATIONS

- a) Reflect the shape A in the y axis, label it B.
- b) Reflect shape B in the line y = 1, label it C.
- c) Describe the single transformation that would move shape A to shape C.



GRAPHS AND CHARTS (HISTOGRAM, CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY ETC)

All the students in a school had a test.

The lowest mark was 18

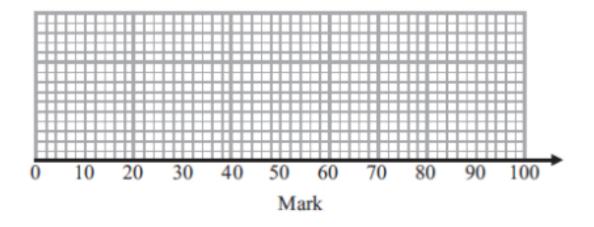
The highest mark was 86.

The median was 57.

The lower quartile was 32.

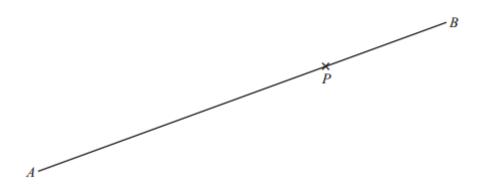
The interquartile range was 38.

On the grid draw a box plot to show this information.



LOCI/CONSTRUCTIONS

Construct the perpendicular to the line segment AB that passes through the point P.



ALGEBRAIC GRAPHS - INCLUDING REGIONS, SOLVING AND TRANSFORMING

The grid shows the graph of:

$$y = x^2$$

a) Sketch the graph of: $y = x^2 - 2$

$$y = x^2 - 2$$

b) Sketch the graph of:

$$y = (x - 2)^2$$

