

# Solving linear and quadratic simultaneous equations

## A LEVEL LINKS

Scheme of work: 1c. Equations – quadratic/linear simultaneous

## Key points

- Make one of the unknowns the subject of the linear equation (rearranging where necessary).
- Use the linear equation to substitute into the quadratic equation.
- There are usually two pairs of solutions.

## Examples

**Example 1** Solve the simultaneous equations  $y = x + 1$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 13$

$x^2 + (x + 1)^2 = 13$ $x^2 + x^2 + x + x + 1 = 13$ $2x^2 + 2x + 1 = 13$ $2x^2 + 2x - 12 = 0$ $(2x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$ <p>So <math>x = 2</math> or <math>x = -3</math></p> <p>Using <math>y = x + 1</math>            When <math>x = 2</math>, <math>y = 2 + 1 = 3</math>            When <math>x = -3</math>, <math>y = -3 + 1 = -2</math></p> <p>So the solutions are  <math>x = 2, y = 3</math> and <math>x = -3, y = -2</math></p> <p>Check:</p> <p>equation 1: <math>3 = 2 + 1</math> YES            and <math>-2 = -3 + 1</math> YES</p> <p>equation 2: <math>2^2 + 3^2 = 13</math> YES            and <math>(-3)^2 + (-2)^2 = 13</math> YES</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Substitute <math>x + 1</math> for <math>y</math> into the second equation.</li> <li>2 Expand the brackets and simplify.</li> <li>3 Factorise the quadratic equation.</li> <li>4 Work out the values of <math>x</math>.</li> <li>5 To find the value of <math>y</math>, substitute both values of <math>x</math> into one of the original equations.</li> <li>6 Substitute both pairs of values of <math>x</math> and <math>y</math> into both equations to check your answers.</li> </ol>
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**Example 2** Solve  $2x + 3y = 5$  and  $2y^2 + xy = 12$  simultaneously.

$x = \frac{5-3y}{2}$ $2y^2 + \left(\frac{5-3y}{2}\right)y = 12$ $2y^2 + \frac{5y-3y^2}{2} = 12$ $4y^2 + 5y - 3y^2 = 24$ $y^2 + 5y - 24 = 0$ $(y+8)(y-3) = 0$ <p>So <math>y = -8</math> or <math>y = 3</math></p> <p>Using <math>2x + 3y = 5</math>          When <math>y = -8</math>, <math>2x + 3 \times (-8) = 5</math>, <math>x = 14.5</math>          When <math>y = 3</math>, <math>2x + 3 \times 3 = 5</math>, <math>x = -2</math></p> <p>So the solutions are  <math>x = 14.5</math>, <math>y = -8</math> and <math>x = -2</math>, <math>y = 3</math></p> <p>Check:          equation 1: <math>2 \times 14.5 + 3 \times (-8) = 5</math> YES                            and <math>2 \times (-2) + 3 \times 3 = 5</math> YES          equation 2: <math>2 \times (-8)^2 + 14.5 \times (-8) = 12</math> YES                            and <math>2 \times (3)^2 + (-2) \times 3 = 12</math> YES</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Rearrange the first equation.</li> <li>2 Substitute <math>\frac{5-3y}{2}</math> for <math>x</math> into the second equation. Notice how it is easier to substitute for <math>x</math> than for <math>y</math>.</li> <li>3 Expand the brackets and simplify.</li> <li>4 Factorise the quadratic equation.</li> <li>5 Work out the values of <math>y</math>.</li> <li>6 To find the value of <math>x</math>, substitute both values of <math>y</math> into one of the original equations.</li> <li>7 Substitute both pairs of values of <math>x</math> and <math>y</math> into both equations to check your answers.</li> </ol>
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## Practice

Solve these simultaneous equations.

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| <p>1 <math>y = 2x + 1</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 10</math></p>   | <p>2 <math>y = 6 - x</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 20</math></p>    |
| <p>3 <math>y = x - 3</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 5</math></p>     | <p>4 <math>y = 9 - 2x</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 17</math></p>   |
| <p>5 <math>y = 3x - 5</math><br/><math>y = x^2 - 2x + 1</math></p> | <p>6 <math>y = x - 5</math><br/><math>y = x^2 - 5x - 12</math></p> |
| <p>7 <math>y = x + 5</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 25</math></p>    | <p>8 <math>y = 2x - 1</math><br/><math>x^2 + xy = 24</math></p>    |
| <p>9 <math>y = 2x</math><br/><math>y^2 - xy = 8</math></p>         | <p>10 <math>2x + y = 11</math><br/><math>xy = 15</math></p>        |

## Extend

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| <p>11 <math>x - y = 1</math><br/><math>x^2 + y^2 = 3</math></p> | <p>12 <math>y - x = 2</math><br/><math>x^2 + xy = 3</math></p> |
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## Answers

**1**  $x = 1, y = 3$

$$x = -\frac{9}{5}, y = -\frac{13}{5}$$

**2**  $x = 2, y = 4$

$$x = 4, y = 2$$

**3**  $x = 1, y = -2$

$$x = 2, y = -1$$

**4**  $x = 4, y = 1$

$$x = \frac{16}{5}, y = \frac{13}{5}$$

**5**  $x = 3, y = 4$

$$x = 2, y = 1$$

**6**  $x = 7, y = 2$

$$x = -1, y = -6$$

**7**  $x = 0, y = 5$

$$x = -5, y = 0$$

**8**  $x = -\frac{8}{3}, y = -\frac{19}{3}$

$$x = 3, y = 5$$

**9**  $x = -2, y = -4$

$$x = 2, y = 4$$

**10**  $x = \frac{5}{2}, y = 6$

$$x = 3, y = 5$$

**11**  $x = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}, y = \frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$$x = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}, y = \frac{-1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

**12**  $x = \frac{-1+\sqrt{7}}{2}, y = \frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{2}$

$$x = \frac{-1-\sqrt{7}}{2}, y = \frac{3-\sqrt{7}}{2}$$