# Lower 6 Chapter 8 Binomial Expansion

# **Chapter Overview**

- 1. Pascal's Triangle
- 2. Factorial Notation
- 3. Binomial Expansion
- 4. Using Expansions for Estimation

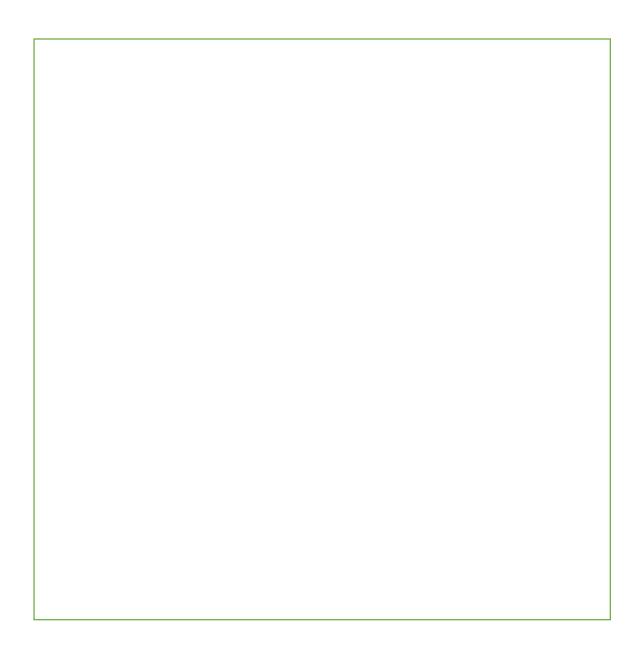
4	4.1	Understand and use the	Use of Pascal's triangle.
Sequences and series		binomial expansion of $(a+bx)^n$ for positive integer $n$ ; the notations $n!$ and ${}^nC_r$ link to binomial probabilities.	Relation between binomial coefficients. Also be aware of alternative notation such as $\binom{n}{r}$ and $^nC_r$

# Pascal's Triangle:

Starter

- a) Expand  $(a + b)^0$
- b) Expand  $(a + b)^1$
- c) Expand  $(a + b)^2$
- d) Expand  $(a + b)^3$
- e) Expand  $(a + b)^4$

What do you notice about the powers of a and b?



Example

Find the expansion of  $(2 + 3x)^4$ 

## Example

Find 
$$(1 - 2x)^3 =$$

# Finding a single term example:

The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(2 - cx)^5$  is 720. Find the possible value(s) of the constant c.

(a) Find the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of

$$(2 + kx)^7$$

where k is a constant. Give each term in its simplest form.

(4)

Given that the coefficient of  $x^2$  is 6 times the coefficient of x,

(b) find the value of k.

(2)

#### **Extension**

[MAT 2009 1J]

The number of pairs of positive integers x, y which solve the equation:

$$x^3 + 6x^2y + 12xy^2 + 8y^3 = 2^{30}$$

is:

- A) 0
- B) 2<sup>6</sup>
- C)  $2^9 1$
- D)  $2^{10} + 2$

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#### **Factorial Notation**

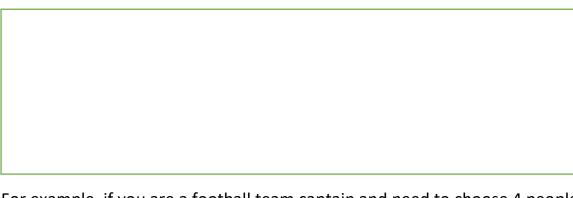
Notation:		

For example, suppose you had three letters, A, B and C, and wanted to arrange them in a line to form a 'word', e.g. ACB or BAC.

- There are 3 choices for the first letter.
- There are then 2 choices left for the second letter.
- There is then only 1 choice left for the last letter.

There are therefore  $3 \times 2 \times 1 = 3! = 6$  possible combinations.

Your calculator can calculate a factorial using the x! button.



For example, if you are a football team captain and need to choose 4 people from amongst 10 in your class, there are  $\binom{10}{4}=\frac{10!}{4!6!}=210$  possible selections.

(Note: the  $\binom{10}{4}$  notation is preferable to 10C4)

Use the nCr button on your calculator (your calculator input should display "10C4")

**Examples:** 

Calculate the value of the following. You may use the factorial button, but not the nCr button.

a) 5!

b)  $\binom{5}{3}$ 

c) 0!

d)  $\binom{20}{1}$ 

e)  $\binom{20}{0}$ 

f)  $\binom{20}{2}$ 

g)  $\binom{20}{2}$ 

g)  $\binom{20}{18}$ 

<u>Binomia</u>	al Expans	<u>sion</u>		

# Example

Find the first 4 terms in the expansion of  $(3x + 1)^{10}$ , in ascending powers of x.

Find the first 3 terms in the expansion of  $\left(2 - \frac{1}{3}x\right)^7$ , in ascending powers of x.

#### Extension

1. [AEA 2013 Q1a] In the binomial expansion of  $\left(1+\frac{12n}{5}x\right)^n$  the coefficients of  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  are equal and non-zero.

Find the possible values of n.

2. [STEP I 2010 Q5a] By considering the expansion of  $(1+x)^n$ , where n is a positive integer, or otherwise, show that:

$$\binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \dots + \binom{n}{n} = 2^n$$

# Finding a Single Term in the Expansion

Expression	Power of $x$ in term wanted.	Term in expansion	
$(a+x)^{10}$	3		
$(2x-1)^{75}$	50		
$(3-x)^{12}$	7		
$(3x+4)^{16}$	3		

# Example

The coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $(1 + qx)^{10}$  is 3360. Find the possible value(s) of the constant q.

In the expansion of  $(1 + ax)^{10}$ , where a is a non-zero constant the coefficient of  $x^3$  is double the coefficient of  $x^2$ . Find the value of a.

#### Extension

- 1. MAT 2014 1G] Let n be a positive integer. The coefficient of  $x^3y^5$  in the expansion of  $(1 + xy + y^2)^n$  equals:
- A) n
- B)  $2^n$
- c)  $\binom{n}{3} \binom{n}{5}$
- D)  $4 \binom{n}{4}$
- E)  $\binom{n}{8}$
- 2. [STEP I 2013 Q6] By considering the coefficient of  $x^r$  in the series for  $(1+x)(1+x)^n$ , or otherwise, obtain the following relation between binomial coefficients:

$$\binom{n}{r} + \binom{n}{r-1} = \binom{n+1}{r}$$

# **Using Expansions for Estimating**

#### Example

(a) Find the first 4 terms of the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x, of

$$\left(1+\frac{x}{4}\right)^8$$

giving each term in its simplest form.

(4)

(b) Use your expansion to estimate the value of (1.025)<sup>8</sup>, giving your answer to 4 decimal places.

(3)

- (a) Find the first 4 terms of the expansion of  $\left(1+\frac{x}{2}\right)^{10}$  in ascending powers of x, giving each term in its simplest form.
- (b) Use your expansion to estimate the value of (1.005)<sup>10</sup>, giving your answer to 5 decimal places.
  (3)

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